The residential areas of **Ivano-Frankivsk** (3 explosions), **Dnipro**, as well as the **Lutsk** airport were shelled (4 people were killed and 6 were injured).

Intensive shelling of the city of **Chernihiv** continues. The stadium named after Yuri Gagarin and the library building. During the night strikes, the water supply network was damaged, leaving the city without water supply.

The shelling of the city of **Mariupol** from the "Hail" volley fire systems continues.

A missile strike was carried out in the city of **Baryshivka**, Kyiv region. The Iskander rocket damaged 60 apartment buildings, 4 apartment buildings and 10 private houses.

Such actions violate the provisions of Art. 57 of Additional Protocol (I) to the Geneva Conventions of 1949, which obliges to take care to protect the civilian population, civilians and civilian objects, and Art. 48 of Additional Protocol (I) to the Geneva Conventions of 1949, which stipulates that "*the parties to the conflict must... always distinguish between civilian and military objects and, accordingly, direct their actions only against military objects*".

The **Chernobyl** nuclear power plant remains without electricity. It is completely disconnected from the IAEA monitoring systems. There is also a threat of a man-made catastrophe or terrorist attack, as the official authorities do not control the situation there. "Belarusian specialists" entered the station, not allowing Ukrainian specialists. We will remind that capture of the construction containing dangerous forces, movement by an exclusion zone are violations of para 3 of Art. 35, para 1 of Art. 55, para 1 of Art. 56 of Additional Protocol (I) to the Geneva Conventions of 1949, as such actions harm the environment and could potentially cause significant harm to the population.

The Russian military launched air strikes on Belarusian territory on the border with Ukraine. Such actions can be regarded as provocation and treachery - attempts to mislead the enemy in violation of Art. 37 of Additional Protocol (I) to the Geneva Conventions of 1949

Since the beginning of the war, more than 280 educational institutions have been damaged or destroyed. 63 hospitals were shelled, 5 medics died.